

ELI TEST

Class 9

TASK 1. Choose the best answer A, B, or C (70 items/70 points)

1. You should take a sport and than you would get more exercise. (A. off B. up C. down)
2. When you rang , I my bike. (A. used to clean B. was cleaning C. cleaned)
3. never played this game before. (A. I've B. I C. I'd)
4. to New York when you went to the States last summer? (A. Have you been B. Did you go C. How you be)
5. I'd only the washing-up for a few minutes when Clare came home, so she offered to finish it. (A. done B. been doing C. doing)
6. It's the first time all the answers right in the test. (A. I've got B. I'd got C. I've been getting
7. Have you made plans for summer? Yes , to Spain. (A. we'll go B. we're going C. we go)
8. Do you think Urtu the car race tomorrow? (A. will win B. wins C. is winning)
9. We had a long way to go, so we off very early. (A. made B. set C. put)
10. I couldn't sell my old magazines, so I gave them (A. over B. away C. off)
11. Bob A lot of money in his brother's business and made a profit. (A. saved B. invested C. spent)
12. I turned the tap but no water came out. (A. up B. on C. round)
13. All compositions must be handed me by Friday at the latest. (A. in to B. on to C. for to)
14. Please , don't me when I'm speaking. (A. break B. pause C. interrupt)
15. I finally managed to Simon to lend me his laptop. (A. make B. persuade C. interrupt)
16. I didn't read the message carefully. I just glanced it. (A. on B. to C. at)
17. Dogs make very pets. They'll always stay by your side. (A. mental B. private C. loyal)

18. I wish to buy a lottery ticket last night. (A. remember B. remembered C. had remembered)

19. Do you remember to Germany when you were two years old? (A. go B. to go C. going)

20. The weather was wonderful. If a camera with me, I would have taken some photographs. (A. I had B. I would have C. I'd had)

TASK 2. Match the word in Column A with the word/phrase in Column B. (10 items/10 points)

Column A

- 1. review
- 2. keen
- 3. justify
- 4. grab
- 5. glamorous

Column B

- a. give a good reason for doing sth
- b. exciting and attractive
- c. take hold of sth violently
- d. wanting to do sth very much
- e. a report about a new film

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TASK 3. Choose the correct preposition from the box and put down under the text after each number. (5 items/5 points)

A) by B) from C) of D) over E) for F) in

More than 5000 years ago, the ancestors (0) the Navajo people left the cold northern region that is now part of western Canada and Alaska and migrated south what is now the southwestern part of the United States. The area in which the Navajo finally settled is mainly desert. It's a harsh environment that gets little rain. The animals and plants that live there have had to adapt (1) order to survive in the unforgiving climate and landscape. When the Navajo arrived in the area, they too had to adapt to the harsh desert conditions in order to survive. They had to learn to make use of the natural resources in their environment to provide (2) their shelter, food, and other necessities. (3) time, the Navajo became famous for the things they were able to create (4) the natural resources at hand. One of the most famous Navajo creations is called sand painting. Most people think of painting as a work of art. For the Navajo, however, sand painting is an important part of a religious ceremony. The making of a sand painting is a part of a healing ceremony that is supposed to restore the health and well-being of a sick person. The only people who are allowed to create sand paintings are specially trained Navajo "singers" or "medicine men" and their assistants. A Navajo singer begins the process of creating a sand painting (5) collecting

different rocks. The rocks are then crushed and ground into sand. Traditionally, a Navajo singer and his assistants make a sand painting on the floor of a small Navajo house called a *hogan*. Working under the direction of the singer, the assistants take colored sand in their hands and drip it on the floor in a line. Using different colors, they slowly make a picture. The size of Navajo sand painting varies. A small sand painting is less than a meter wide, while a large sand painting can be over 6 meters wide. The number of singers also varies. A small sand painting may have 2 or 3 people working on it take an hour to complete, while a large painting may require 10 men and women and take all day to finish. During the healing ceremony, the sick person moves onto the completed sand painting. The sick person sits directly on the sand painting so that it can serve as a pathway for evil or illness to leave the person's body and for goodness or health to return to it. This explains why the Navajo word for sand painting means "the place where gods come and go."

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O)of..... 1) 2) 3) 4) 5)

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Task 4. Read the text again and choose A, B, or C (10 items/10 points)

1. Navajo paintings play a role in Navajo religious ceremonies.
A. True B. False C. No information
2. The ancestors of the Navajo made sand paintings.
A. True B. False C. No information
3. Most sand paintings are very small, measuring less than a meter wide.
A. True B. False C. No information
4. The purpose of a sand painting is to help someone who is ill become well.
A. True B. False C. No information
5. During a healing ceremony, no one can touch the sand painting.
True B. False C. No information